

CLOSE CAMPAIGN

Senators Curtis and Capper
Make Effective Talks.

Warm Speeches Make Crowd
Forget Chilly Hall.

THEY WIN MANY VOTES

Crowd of More Than 3,000 Hear
Topeka's Senators.

Republicans Will Put Liberty
Bonds to Par.

In one of the most forceful and effective speeches of his years in public service, Senator Charles Curtis closed the campaign in Shawnee county Monday night before a crowd of more than 3,000 men and women. Nor is all the credit of the meeting due Senator Curtis. Senator Arthur Capper shared full portions of honor and helped make the crowd forget the chilly hall in the evening which was given the administration in Washington.

They Win Many Votes

It was found argument which wins votes that featured the closing speeches of the campaign. The meeting was built around Senator Curtis by virtue of his candidacy for re-election today. But his colleague and fellow townsman played an important part with his brand of impressive home grown oratory which carried a conviction with the people and personal tributes to Senator Harding and Senator Curtis and members of his personal staff.

Two hours is a long time to listen to home town orators under ordinary circumstances. But when a crowd of more than 3,000 men and women are gathered in a hall, the time seems to pass. That was the Monday night session.

America Needs Harding.
Senator Capper told the home town folks that America needs Harding in the White House and Curtis in the senate. And the crowd voted back its approval. Then the junior senator told of a visit with President Wilson. He asked the president questions—important questions, for a brand new Kansas senator—but questions that were to the point. And when he asked if America would be better off with a return to European wars, the president responded: "Perhaps it isn't a bad idea, but it would certainly be a mistake."

Senator Capper probably never gave such an endorsement from the platform as the one in which he urged the return of Senator Harding to Washington. He frequently referred to him

as one of the most valuable men in the senate.

Criticizes Wilson.
In his criticism of Wilson's administration, Senator Capper won applause when he asserted: "We would never have been in this war, in my judgment, had we had a man of the type of Theodore Roosevelt in the White House."

Senator Curtis gave his entire time to extravagances, waste, incompetency and greed of the national administration. He referred to war waste at the cantonments, ship yards and in various branches of federal service. "Hog Island," he declared, "ought to be defined as an island to hog the government."

Put Bonds to Par.

That Liberty and Victory bonds will go to par under a Republican administration was the assertion of the senior senator. He won loud applause when he said it is the duty of the government to put a new life in the bond market. He cited former bond issues above par.

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When I stay in the United States senate longer than next March or not, said Senator Curtis, "I shall never vote to delegate to the powers of Europe the right to determine when we shall go to war." Again, "So long as I stay in the senate, I shall vote to reserve to the government the right to decide who shall become citizens of the United States and who shall own land here. Nor am I in favor of any nation or people on earth having more votes in any body than the United States has."

A parade preceded the meeting. An organ recital, the Modocs and Marching bands were musical features. Cheer leaders directed the yelling and singing. A section of the military band played the national anthem.

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SALVATION ARMY TAG DAY

Fifty Good Looking Girls Help in
Completing Quota.

Fifty good looking girls took possession of the business district of the city at 8 o'clock this morning, every girl armed with a tambourine and a supply of Salvation Army tags. The last effort of the campaign, the "mop-up" was left to the tag day sales of these girls who were recruited from the Strickler Business college, and were excused from their classes there to help the Salvation Army get its quota in the city.

"And believe me, they're getting the money, too," said R. C. Miller, campaign director, at noon today, after he had made a partial check of the results of the campaign.

There will be a meeting of all the canvassers at the Throop Hotel at 3:30 o'clock tonight, when as many as possible of the final reports on the entire drive will be turned in.

No reports have yet been received from the churches where collections for the drive were taken up Sunday morning, and Ellis is anxious to hear from them.

WEATHER

(Continued from Page One.)
terday was 39 degrees at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The lowest was 29 degrees at 7 o'clock this morning. This is not the lowest temperature of the season. There was a drop to 23 degrees on October 29. The temperature will not go above 41 degrees this afternoon, and tonight will again drop to the neighborhood of 25 degrees. Tomorrow it will come again to about 45 degrees in the afternoon.

There has been no rain in this state in the past 34 hours and there is no prospect of rain tomorrow. The lowest temperature in the state of Kansas last night was 23 degrees at Goodland, and the lowest in the United States was 19 degrees above zero at Sheridan, Wyo. In Montana, however, it has been over 28 degrees. The highest temperature ever recorded in Topeka this date was 92 degrees in 1885 and the lowest was 17 degrees in 1811.

At 9:30 o'clock this morning the wind was blowing at the rate of 20 miles per hour from the northwest.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Published by the weather bureau office, Topeka, Kan., for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 p. m. Tuesday.

Stations	High	Low	Pres.	Wind	Clouds
Beaman, Mo.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Chicago, Ill.	50	34	30	Cloudy	
Denver, Colo.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Des Moines, Ia.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Indianapolis, Ind.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Little Rock, Ark.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Los Angeles, Cal.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
New Orleans, La.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
New York, N. Y.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Omaha, Neb.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Philadelphia, Pa.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Pittsburgh, Pa.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Portland, Ore.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
St. Louis, Mo.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
St. Paul, Minn.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Salt Lake, Utah	50	30	30	Cloudy	
San Francisco, Cal.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
St. Mary, Mont.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Sheridan, Wyo.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Spokane, Wash.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Tampa, Fla.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Wichita, Kan.	50	30	30	Cloudy	
Winnipeg, Man.	50	30	30	Cloudy	

Railroad Is Paid Off.
Washington, Nov. 1.—Payment of \$13,750,000 to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad company in settlement of all matters growing out of federal control was announced today by the railroad administration. In connection with the settlement the administration funded for ten years \$20,000,000 due from the railroad for additions and betterments.

SHOOT HIS WIFE

Charles Jonagan Then Kills
Himself at 500 Van Buren.

Saleide Formerly Was a School
Superintendent.

Charles Jonagan, farm hand and former school superintendent, shot and killed himself about 10 o'clock Monday night after seriously wounding his divorced wife, Margaret Jonagan, at their home, 500 Van Buren street. It was stated at St. Francis hospital this morning that the woman will recover.

Jonagan was drunk at the time the shooting occurred, according to officers. He called at the house shortly before 10 o'clock, it was said, and asked to see his wife, Mrs. Mina Grei, owner of the house, said she noticed he had been drinking and when he refused to leave asked R. S. Ross, a sign painter who rooms there, to put him out. Ross complied. Two minutes later, Jonagan came back. Ross, upstairs, came down again. At this moment Mrs. Jonagan came from another room, passed her former husband and started up the stairs.

"Margaret!" Jonagan called. She made no reply. The man then pulled a revolver from his pocket and fired. It was said, Mrs. Jonagan, who had mounted a few steps, fell against Ross and both were thrown down. Jonagan then put the pistol to his temple and pulled the trigger, his body falling across those of his wife and Ross, Peter Jonagan, brother of Charles, called Sheriff and Deputy Sheriff R. O. Gerred were called. Dr. O. F. Marcotte, county coroner, and R. J. Miller, city physician, took charge of the body and attended Mrs. Jonagan.

Jonagan, it was said, had appeared at the house earlier in the day. Mrs. Jonagan had appeared there prior to keep him away from the house and Gerred had made a search, but could not find him. Jonagan was paroled from the state prison on November 15 to serve a six-day jail sentence for having in possession of a pistol. He was released and also been in jail for violating a restraining order served on him during the pendency of his wife's divorce case. He had been in the city jail several times also, according to officers.

A two-ounce Jamaica ginger bottle was found on his body. Mrs. Jonagan was granted a divorce in the district court about two weeks ago. She was to have left today for her home in Kansas, but never where their two children were sent some time ago. Jonagan had asked the court for the children on the allegation that his wife was not a fit person to have custody of them. He withdrew the petition after Mrs. Jonagan agreed to send them to her father.

Jonagan was a strange character. In his younger days he was a school teacher and a school superintendent. After his wife filed suit for divorce and the restraining order was kept him from molesting her was granted, he was brought to Topeka by James McClure, several times for violating the order. On these occasions the gist of his explanation was: "I know I was doing wrong, but I wanted to see my wife and was willing to take the consequences."

The first time Judge McClure released him, he was granted permission to repeat the offense, but at that he was sent to jail for contempt of court, but later released.

Jonagan was a very intelligent talker and possessed a kind of quaint philosophy that he preached at every opportunity. He was a very successful lecturer and a court that "booze" had caused his downfall, making a police character out of him when he could otherwise have been a successful educator.

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THE ELECTORAL VOTE

Following is the number of electors to be chosen by each state this year, together with the result of the election of 1916.

1920

State	Electors	1916
Alabama	12	12
Arizona	8	8
Arkansas	9	9
California	12	12
Colorado	9	9
Connecticut	7	7
Delaware	3	3
Florida	11	11
Georgia	14	14
Idaho	4	4
Illinois	20	20
Indiana	13	13
Iowa	12	12
Kansas	10	10
Kentucky	12	12
Louisiana	10	10
Maine	6	6
Massachusetts	12	12
Michigan	15	15
Minnesota	12	12
Mississippi	10	10
Missouri	12	12
Montana	4	4
Nebraska	8	8
Nevada	3	3
New Hampshire	4	4
New Jersey	14	14
New Mexico	5	5
New York	36	36
North Carolina	12	12
North Dakota	3	3
Ohio	24	24
Oklahoma	7	7
Oregon	6	6
Pennsylvania	20	20
Rhode Island	4	4
South Carolina	9	9
South Dakota	3	3
Tennessee	12	12
Texas	20	20
Vermont	4	4
Virginia	12	12
Washington	5	5
West Virginia	4	4
Wisconsin	12	12
Wyoming	4	4
Totals	531	531
Necessary to choose	271	271

EARLY RETURNS

(Continued from Page One.)
York is preparing for an old-fashioned election night celebration. This is the "first dry" national election in history, but it was reported there would be enough "hip" goods to enliven the crowd which probably will pack Park Row and Broadway and Forty-second street to cheer the victory tonight.

Boston, Nov. 2.—The town of Manchester, N. H., has elected a Republican for governor. Cox, R., 44; Walsh, D., 30.

Four years ago the vote there for president was Wilson 21, Hughes 12. Now, Mass., Nov. 2.—Complete returns here today gave Harding 409, Cox 30.

In 1916, Hughes received 174, and Wilson 107 in Norfolk.

Boston, Nov. 2.—The town of Norfolk, Mass., has elected a Republican for governor. Cox, R., 44; Walsh, D., 30.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 2.—Four precincts in Ohio county reported today 125 votes for Harding and 26 for Cox.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 2.—An unofficial count of a box in the city hall shows 6,000 votes for Harding and 2,000 for Cox.

DR. MARIE GREENE TO SPEAK.
Famous Lecturer Talks to Women at Y. W. C. A. Tonight.

Topeka men and women are to have the opportunity this winter of attending lectures by Dr. Marie A. Greene of Kansas City, Mo., specialist in sexual hygiene. Doctor Greene's lectures were attended by a large number of Topeka persons last spring when she gave several courses in the city.

Tonight at 7:30 o'clock actress Y. W. C. A. Doctor Greene will lecture to women. She also lectures to women at 2 o'clock and 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoons. The men's class meets Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at the Y. W. C. A.

Recognition of the work of Doctor Greene is evidenced in the formation of "The K. Y. Men's Club for the Study of Life Problems" at Lawrence, which is planned as a permanent organization. Many Topeka women are in favor of forming a similar club in Topeka for women.

Several groups of students at Washington college were organized last spring to get the benefits of Doctor Greene's lectures.

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GOV. COX VOTES

Arrives Home From Campaign
Sound Asleep.

Spends Election Day on Farm
Near Dayton.

Dayton, O., Nov. 2.—Governor Cox, back from Toledo, where he made his last campaign speech last night, was found today by his wife, as he said, for the League of Nations.

His special train arrived early in the morning, but the governor was asleep. Upon awakening he arose, and leaving the railroad yards expected to stop on his way home at a crossroads store to eat his lunch. Mrs. Cox, who accompanied her husband to Toledo, also expected to go to the polls with him.

The last words of the Democratic candidate's long campaign uttered last night at Toledo, were: "Peace on earth; good will toward men."

These words, sung by the angels at Bethlehem 2,000 years ago, the governor said, would come true as a result of America's entrance into the league.

Thousands that assembled in two halls greeted his last message with applause and as it died away the governor hurried to his train.

After eating his vote, the governor planned to go to his farm home to remain there until the election returns began to come in at his newspaper office. There he expected to spend most of the night.

Recess Taken Until Wednesday in
Order That All Might Vote.
Lyndon, Kan., Nov. 2.—The trial of Ruff King, of Maple Hill, on a charge of murdering John Woody, was adjourned in the Osage county district court here Monday afternoon until Wednesday morning in order that witnesses and attorneys involved in the case might go home to vote. It is not probable that the jurors will vote, as the roads around Lyndon are too bad to permit taking cabs to their homes. The jury is not allowed to separate.

Further attempts by the state Monday afternoon to introduce in evidence the skeleton supposed to be that of Reuben Guthall failed. The defense scored a point when William Guthall, the dead man's younger brother, admitted under cross-examination that he had known of Reuben's plans to kill his property and leave Maple Hill. It was brought out that King bought the property.

The rusty gun barrel dug up by the side of the alleged peddler skeleton was identified by Otto Orundwald, at whose place the peddler sometimes stopped, as part of the rifle gun owned and traded him for an overcoat.

Bob Pendleton, of Rossville, named by King as the man who had seen the skeleton, was called to the witness stand. He declared that he did not know Woody and had never seen him in his life that he knew of.

SHOP MEN QUIT EARLY

Santa Fe Employees to Leave Work at
3 O'Clock to Vote.

Santa Fe employees in the shops who are voters have been granted permission to leave their work at 3 o'clock today in order to go to the polls. Places at the polls. Two hours off is the state law on the subject, and the Santa Fe, it was stated today by M. J. Drury, superintendent of the shops, will give the men the rest of the afternoon off. There are approximately 3,000 men in the shops, but it is not known how many of them are voters. Only the voters will be excused from their work.

The 1,500 workers in the general office building, up town, who are voters, will have ample chance to do their voting before and after work, W. B. Collinson, chief clerk, said this morning, and no arrangements for letting them off have been made.

Discontinue Chicago Sub-Treasury.
Washington, Nov. 1.—Discontinuation of sub-treasury at Chicago at the close of business Wednesday, November 3, was ordered today by Secretary Houston.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take GROVE'S LAXATIVE BROSOM. QUITNINE tablets. The genuine bears the signature of R. W. Grove. 20c—Adv.

New Haven, Nov. 2.—Skips were overcast and the wind chilly throat Connecticut this morning, but the electors, men and women, began early to go to the polling places, which opened at 5:30 a. m. In places after first vote, many voters were available indicated that women were very plentiful among first voters. This was believed because in many precincts women have voted numerous times before and have become a bit accustomed to it.

In Connecticut, Nov. 2.—Favorable weather and a multitude of sharp local contests together with the great general interest in the nation to vote, the promise of bringing out a record-breaking vote in the west today.

In sections where the polls opened at sunrise, election crowds were hardly in their seats before the first voters were voting. The Rocky mountain states reported unfavorable weather, but the coast did not have had a better start.

Most cities where early reports were available indicated that women were very plentiful among first voters. This was believed because in many precincts women have voted numerous times before and have become a bit accustomed to it.

In North Dakota, Nov. 2.—Weather here today gave promise of clearing despite the partly overcast sky. This, coupled with the great interest in the state in the election, the parties and independent voters, election supporters indicated one of the largest votes in the history of the state.

In Maryland, Nov. 2.—First reports from precincts in all parts of Baltimore indicated a heavy vote here at today's election for presidential electors, a U. S. senator and 12 members of the house of representatives. Weather threatening.

In Wisconsin, Nov. 2.—Voting started in Milwaukee with a rush, many voters being among the early voters. Judging from the time it took to move through the polls, all parties had their workers out in full force. The weather was cloudy and cold.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.—A heavy vote was being cast in Missouri today, despite threatening weather. The polls at today's election in St. Louis women formed lines at the polling places long before they were opened and held their noses against the cold temperature and a cloudy sky. Through the morning, voters came out at the rate of one minute here, according to election officials. Leaders of both major parties continued their party work. The state side claimed that the state was leaning its way.

THE POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1916

State Rep. Dem. Electors

State	Rep.	Dem.	Electors
Ala.	20,824	33,170	12
Ark.	47,148	113,148	9
Cal.	402,384	1,013,350	12
Colo.	102,708	178,814	9
Conn.	100,514	80,786	7
Del.	26,001	20,000	3
Fla.	14,611	73,384	11
Ga.	112,845	111,020	11
Idaho	33,308	70,054	4
Ill.	1,122,449	930,229	20
Ind.	511,005	281,983	13
Iowa	280,449	221,029	12
Kan.	277,618	314,886	10
Kentucky	241,000	221,000	8
Louis.	6,400	79,875	7
Maine	69,900	64,127	7
Maryland	117,417	138,353	10
Mass.	100,000	100,000	11
Mich.	330,007	288,181	14
Minn.	100,000	100,000	10
Miss.	4,253	80,722	7
Missouri	360,139	298,025	12
Mont.	100,000	100,000	3
Neb.	117,257	158,827	7
Nev.	12,127	17,776	3
N. H.	100,000	100,000	4
N. J.	209,520	211,015	7
N. Y.	31,143	31,665	25
N. C.	120,988	104,383	14
N. D.	55,471	55,296	3
Ohio	100,000	100,000	12
Okla.	97,243	148,113	5
Oregon	126,813	130,687	6
R. I.	44,458	40,344	4
S. C.	1,620	61,806	8
S. D.	100,000	100,000	3
Tenn.	110,125	131,252	7
Texas	66,990	286,511	21
Va.	100,000	100,000	12
Vt.	40,250	25,748	3
Wash.	40,250	102,824	8
W. Va.	145,124	140,403	5
Wis.	221,323	193,042	10
Winnipeg	100,000	100,000	3
Total	8,538,221	9,125,000	1,302,120
Plurality	121,385		